THREE CENTS

AN AWFUL SCENE.

Terrible Disaster in Louisville in Connection With the Flood.

Ten Thousand People Driven from Their Homes--Loss of Life.

The Breaking of a Dam Brings the Rushing Waters Into the Bedrooms of the Houses.

An Appalling Oullook-Measures for Relief -Feeding the Homeless People.

BREAKING OF A DAM IN LOUISVILLE. LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 13.-The dam pro tecting the low lands in the eastern part of the city broke about midnight, letting sixty feet of water upon twenty blocks of dwellings. The scene which followed was indescribable It is reported that thirty lives were lost, but the fact cannot be verified at present. The houses inundated wore as a rule small, and mainly occupied by poor people. DRIVEN PROM HOME.

Business is almost at a standstill owing to the floods. The mayor is distributing food to the sufferers with a liberal hand. The board of trade has turned over \$500 to the sustanance fund, and more is to follow. The German flood sufferers fund has been diverted to home use. It amounts to \$716. The theaters home use. It amounts to \$716. The theaters will give the gross receipts of Saturday's performances. The greatest disaster that ever befell Louisville is now upon us. The flood crisis came about midnight, and to-day nearly a square mile of territory is under water within the limits of the city. From 5,000 to 8,000 people are driven from their homes. To cap the climax there has been loss of life, how great it is impossible to say. This morning the entire section of the city from Preston street east is cut off, and north of the Short line fill is in the river. People living there had plenty of warning.

had plenty of warning.

The river all day yesterday just lapped the top of Fulton street, and cut off the embank-ments. In places the water trickled over. At 3 o'clock a considerable break occurred at Adams street, and a hundred men worked vigorously to step the waves, but in the face of all this the inhabitants of the bottoms of old Bear Grass creek remained in their houses, and most of them went to bed as usual. About 11 o'cleek last night the break usual. About 11 o'clock last night the break came. The cutoff dam, overcome by the terrific weight of water from above, gave way, and instantly, with a loud roar, the flood rushed over. It may be imagined with what force the waters came when they had a fall of from fifteen to eighteen feet to the low ground beneath. In less time then it was to tell beneath. In less time than it takes to tell, the yellow tide was sweeping in from all points. The unfortunate people were surprised in their houses. With a mighty rush the water sweet from square to square, rapidly rising in the houses, and swerving many of them from their foundations. THE SCENE WAS AWFUL.

The war of the waters could not drown the screams of the terrified ones, escaping from the doomed dwellings. Skiffs shot about from window to window; men, women, and from window to window; men, women, and children waded through the advancing waters, each with whatever household goods they could lay hands on. Bon fires glimmered from the higher ground, which the poor outcasts had gained. Hundreds of people shivered in wet clothing about the smoky fires. To an observer, who stands to-day at the foot of Jackson, Shelby or Clay streets, it is impossible to understand why the loss of life was not larger. The scene last night becomes was not larger. The scene last night beggars description. People who were blissfully sleeping in the foolish confidence that the embankments would shelter them were rudely awakened by the flood coming into their were even surn When the stroke came it was like lightning in the darkness, and cold they

PLED THE WATERY DEATH HALF clothed, and carrying nothing with them save their children and helplessones. No scene of a broken dyke in Holland can be more terrible or more thrilling. The panic was inde-scribable, coupled with the awful roar of the waters and the shricks of the terror-stricker cople as they hurried to higher grounds saving their furniture and homes and every thing to the mercy of the waters. A large part of the city has constituted itself into a relief committee, with the mayor at its head, and all that can be done is being done. The entire northeastern part of the city is a picture of utter destruction. Thirty-five squares are inundated. The situation may be briefly summed up as follows: All the point is unde water, and the country beyond the cutoff, comprising 150 houses, and known as Bowle-ville, is flooded. Half of Portland and all of the shipping port are in the waves.

All day long a stream of people passed up and down the Shore line track to look at the rain wrought by the swellen river. The out-look is appalling. Houses are overturned— some on their sides and some almost on their roofs. Other building are crushed to pieces. Most of the houses are small cottages of frail construction, and perhaps one-third of those in the flooded locality have been swept from their foundations. In the lower hollows of the bottom lands the water is within a foot or two of the roofs of the houses. The entire neighborhood is doing all it can for the success of the sufferers. Several persons were resented along the wharf. The river is still rising an inch per hour, with a few inches over 39 feet in the canal, 36 feet 8 inches in the chute on the falls, and 34 feet 2 inches over the rocks

THE HIGHEST EVER KNOWN.

The river continued to rise slowly all day and is now about 600 feet at the foot of the canal and 41 feet at the head. The weather is warmer, and a light rain is falling, with indications of an increase during the night. The rise is now an inch above the flood of 1847 and 8 inches below that of 1832. On the point where the disaster occurred last night the flood extends over a space more than a quarter of a mile wide and more than a mile quarter of a mile wide and more than a mile in length. Over 250 houses are either under water or else floating about. The fact that the water was comparatively still prevented most of the houses from floating away, and many are tied with heavy cables. A gratifying fea-ture of the flood is that comparatively few are thought to have lost their lives. Many occu-pants of houses in the submerged districts had moved away and thus escaped. The fact that moved away and thus escaped. The fart that the survivors are scattered over the city ren-ders it impossible to make a definite statement as to who are lost or saved, and it is sufficient to say that the death rate is smaller than the circumstances indicate.

THOSE KNOWN TO BE LOST ARE John Finch and his son, a small boy; George Lynch, Edward Harris, George Bell, Harry Browning, a lieutenant of police, and his family, consisting of wife and three children. are missing, but it is hoped they had moved out. These names are all that could be learned by active search of reporters all day but it is feared that when the waters subside ghastly scenes will be witnessed in houses now under water. So far as heard of, all those yet alive have been removed from the houses. A man whose name was not learned was seen frantically calling for help from the door of a house floating down the river at the foot of First atrect this afternoon, and was rescued with a skin. He had been in the

house all night and all day, SAVING WOMEN AND CHILDREN. To-day Mayor Jacob chartered the steamer Mattie Hays, with a corps of men, and traversed the submerged district, taking off a number of persons and supplying food. Many were in this way succored, as not all the houses are entirely submerged, the upper stories of some still being habitable and the owners remaining. One man was found asking for contribution clinging to a tree. As the men approached the famine in Iroland.

be cried out, "Go over to that house. There are a woman and several children over there. I will hold here until you save them," The house was fifty yards away. The men started, but before they reached it the house turned over and was carried away in the rush of waters. No noise was heard from the house, and nothing is known as to whether the people wore rescued or not. The man clinging to the tree was rescued, and declared that a woman and several children were in the house when it turned over. He did not know the names. On Point Shippingport and Portland 1,000 houses are under water, the majority of them owned by poor people. The authorities have taken steps to provide food and lodging. The board of trade is raising a fund, and individuals are subscribing liberally. Entertainments for the benefit of the sufferers will be held. he cried out, "Go over to that house. There

FERRY'S FRIENDS.

Another Ballot for Senator With No Result-A Long Conference Held.

dal Dispatch. LANSING, MICH., Feb. 13.-The Ferry men held a conference to-night three hours' long with locked doors, They invited Ed. Ferry and Marsden C. Burch in and the former made an explicit and business like explanation of the Ferry financial troubles. In all things where it was considered that blame rested on the firm, Ed. personally shouldered it and impressed all with his self-sacrificing spirit to save his brother. It was agreed that the Ferry men should all vote to-morrow as to-day, unless another greenback-democratic eruption takes place, in which case the members shall be at liberty to vote as they please to check it. Another conference will be held to-morrow night. No senator will be elected

By Associated Press. DEFEOIR, Feb. 13.—The legislature ress-sembled to-day after a ten days' recess. The first ballot for United States senator in joint convention showed no essential change from the last vote taken. It resulted as follows: Ferry, 44; Stont, 23; Chamberlain, 14; Bur-rows, 8; Willets, 9; and 19 scattering on nine candidates. There were sixteen absentees. Necessary to a choice, 59.

THE IRON NOTES ALL RIGHT. The following telegram was received here The following telegram was received here by Senator Ferry yesterday afternoon:
Boston, Feb. 13.—Mr. Ferry, Washington: As holders of the paper of the Otlawa Iron works independent of the paper of the Otlawa Iron works independent of the paper of the Otlawa Iron works independent of the paper of the Otlawa Iron works independent of the paper of the Otlawa Iron works independent of the paper of the Otlawa Iron works in the paper of the Iron works in the paper of the Iron works in the

He Will Not Give Up a Cent. TORONTO, ONT., Feb. 13,-R. J. Flemming, of Chicago, was arrested here to-day on charge of obtaining money under false pretences. It is alleged that his frauds will amount to nearly \$500,000. On Saturday morning he left Toronto and all trace of him was lost until this morning. A telegram was received from Peterboro calling for Flemming's arrest, and stating that he had left on a morning train for Teronto, which would arrive here at 11:45 o'clock. He denied that he had obtained money under false pretences, and upon being searched \$15,000 were found upon his person. Flemming declares that his arrest is a scheme to squeeze money out of him; that he knows he cannot be extradited for the offense charved. he cannot be extradited for the offense charged and that he will not give up a cent.

Samuel Willets's Will.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13 .- The will of the late Samuel Willets was filed to-day for probate, and by it he divides his large estate among his relatives. He bequeaths Swarthmore col-lege, Pennsylvania, of which he was president, iege, Fennsylvania, of which he was president, \$100,000, the interest to be applied to the edu-cation of poor and deserving children. He directs the purchase of five scholarships, to cost \$5,000 each, and each one to be named after his five grandchildren. He leaves sums ranging from \$5,000 to \$50,000 to different charitable institutions, societies, and hospitals of this city, and also a sum of \$100,000 in trust, to be disposed of for charitable purposes, to im-prove the condition of the poor, or for the sup-port of any of his descendents should they become poor.

Louislana Lottery Prizes,

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Feb. 13.-The following prizes were drawn to-day: 57,012, drawing first capital prize, \$75,000, sold in Louisville, Ky., and Maysville, Ala.; 61,996, drawing second capital prize, \$25,000, sold in Washington, D. C., and Zaleski, Vinton county, Ohio; 22,605, drawing third capital prize, \$10,000, sold in New Orleans and Washington, D. C.; 44,778, drawing \$6,000, sold in New York and Cincinnati; 99,023, drawing \$6,000, sold in Chicago; 6,051, 37,654, 65,986, 81,440, 83,974, each drawing \$2,000, sold in New York, New Orleans, Washington, Huntsville, Ala., Allegheny, Pa., Omaha, Neb., Prescott, Ark., and Toronto, Canada,

John Sheffield's Terrible Crime.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13 .- A special from Madion, Wis., says: Two weeks ago John Sheffield, a dissolute character, living near here, quarreled with his family and left them. This morning their house was set on fire, and two of his daughters, one aged 14 years and the other an infant, were burned to death Mrs. Sheffield barely escaped in her night clothes. Great excitement prevails, as it is the universal belief that Sheffield set fire to

Corporation Elections.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.—The following ompanies, controlled by the Pennsylvania Railway company, held their annual meetings The Pennsylvania Canal company, Summit Branch Rallway company, Susque hauna Coal company, Mineral Railway an Mining company, and Liken's Valley Cos company. The officers elected in each case were men prominently connected with the management of the Pennsylvania Railway

Stealing for Ten Years. CHICAGO, Feb. 13 .- In the trial of John Kudie, a Monmouth, Ill., merchant for conspiracy with the employes of Phelps, Dodge & Palmer, to steal the firm's goods, the testi-mony to-day revealed the fact that Henry Spaulding, stockkeeper of the firm, had been stealing from them for ten years. Spaulding could not say how many thousand dollars the thefts amounted to in the aggregate. He has been promised immunity.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13 .- From various parts of the country come reports of smallpox. The last place mentioned is Finchford, Iowa., where there are said to be ten cases. disease is far less prevalent throughout the entire west than it was last winter.

One Thousand Men Out of Work. NEW BEDFORD, MASS., Feb. 13.-The gear wheel on the main shaft coupling to the engine fly wheel of Wamsutta mills, Nos. 4 and 5, broke this foreneon. Both mills will stop for two weeks, throwing out of work one thousand operatives.

A Reward for the Fire Bugs. RED BANK, N. J., Feb. 13.-The property owners here have raised \$1,000 as a reward for the detection of the incendaries who have infested the town for the last three years.

Aid for the Starving. BUFFALO, Feb. 13 .- President Mooney, of the Irish Land league, has issued a circular asking for contributions for the sufferers from

CINCINNATI'S CALAMITY.

A Railway Depot is Undermined by the Waters and Gives Way.

Twenty-five Persons Said to Have Been Lost-Breaking of a Big Sewer.

The River Still Rising and Driving People from Their Homes-Immense Losses.

All the Towns Along the Ohio River Submerged-Labor at a Standstill.

ALL AFLOWS IN CINCINNATE. CINCINNATI, OHIO, Feb. 13.-The Ohio river at 11 o'clock a, m. had reached sixtyfour feet eleven inches, and was rising slowly. It will certainly reach sixty-five feet before it begins to fall. The weather is cloudy and warm. The water works engines are all idle and the water in the reservoir will last only six days. The police report no increase of crime consequent on the lack of gas light. A brick dwelling on Ochler street, it is reported, fell this morning. No lives were lost. Much sickness is found among the impris-

oned people in the tenement houses. Relief boats are busy, visiting all such places, and ample means are at hand to prevent suffering. A BIG SEWER BREAKS,
A shocking disaster is reported by telephone, from the western part of the city. Both freight and passenger depots of the Cincinnati Southern railway were undermined and fell into the surrounding water, carrying with them a hundred or more people. The depots were one-story frame structures, resting on McLean avenue, which was almost covered by water. Both sides fell into water

30 to 50 feet deep. The earth has become so soaked as to melt, and the catastrophe was further hastened by the breaking of a sewer, which sent a current along the bank. Crowds of people have been in that vicinity looking at floods. It is supposed these are the victims. A NUMBER OF PERSONS DROWNED, Later information makes it definite that Later information makes is definite that three boys, two freight handlers, and four members of Coup's circus are drowned. No bodies have yet been recovered. The names of members of Coup's circus reported missing are: Harry Cardoni, of England; Miss Fan-nie Reindof, of New York; William T. Frank-lin and William C. Matthews, of St. Louis, The baggage master says he heard a rushing noise when Rynn's saloon went down and noise when Ryan's saloon went down, and hurried round and saw the depot give way. He is sure that at least fifty people were thrown He is sure that at least fifty people were thrown in the water. It now appears certain that the disaster was caused by the breaking of the great sower. Twenty-five feet of one end of the freight depot, and half of the passenger depot are gone, the latter being separated at the portion between the waiting room and the ticket office. Books, tickets, the safe, &c., were gone in an instant. The recommendation of the common council to ask the legislature for aid was sent by telegraph, the Western Union company giving free use of its wires for the purpose. Within half an hour a bill was introduced in the senate authorizing the city to borrow \$100,000, and the bill was sent to the house. Among the contributions received here to-day were \$1,000 from R. R. Springer, and \$500 from David Sinton. A Chicago firm sent \$250.

TWENTY-FIVE PEOPLE SAID TO BE LOST.

TWENTY-FIVE PEOPLE SAID TO BE LOST. Later information is to the effect that there is strong ground for hope that the disaster at the Southern railway depot was not attended with so great loss of life as was reported. The matter has been very carefully investigated, and but for the positive statement of one man it would be difficult to say that any lives were lost. That man is a beginner matter. He lost. That man is a baggage master. He says there was a great number of people on the platform of the depot and that he thinks at east twenty-five went down in the water. This statement he repeats. All the other persons present saw no one in the water and believe no one was lost. But they all admit believe no one was lost. But they all admit there was great alarm and hurried flight, so that people might have been engulfed and not seen by those fleeing. Lothman, the cashier, had sufficient warning to enable him to se-cure \$2,000 cash, but not enough to save all the money in the safe. Two or three hundred dollars were lost. With the exception of mem bers of Coup's circus who are reported miss ing, nothing like a definite statement can be ing, nothing like a definite statement can be made as to any loss. No employes of the railway company are missing. The company shows enough confidence in the stability of the remaining portion of the depot to use it. Trains arrive and depart regularly, but access

Trains arrive and depart regularly, but access to the freight depot is cut off.
Manager John Scott, of the Southern road, says of the accident: "The structures were temporary, the heavy freight business being done at the Marietta freight dopot. The flood cutting this off, the freight business is now done at the McLean avenue freight shed. It was thought by the railroad officials that the avenue being one hundred feet wide, could easily withstand the weight of the body of water on the west side. But the space of three hundred feet, reaching from the passenger to the freight depot, was swent eastsenger to the freight depot, was swept east-ward with but little warning, and everything thrown into space on the east side, which rapidly filled with water. Two engines standing on the spot were safely removed by their engineers. It is known that two cars, one loaded with meat and the other with flour, were submerged. A large amount of miscellaneous freight is floating in the water, much of which will be recovered. As regards the loss of light the most extravagant reports are made, but a close inquiry on the part of the officers and others has failed to disclose any well authenticated proof of such loss. It is thought the road may resume the full volume of freight business in a few days," A GLEAN OF HOPE.

A gleam of hope came to-night when re-ports showed that the river had reached its highest point at 5 p. m., when the marks showed 65 feet 14 inches. Though it receded showed 65 feet 1½ inches. Though it receded but half an inch during the next four hours, the fact that the worst seemed to be over gave relief. The tension has been strong on the entire business community, and the slight rain falling to-night causes apprehension of more disasters to come. The situation is alarming. Business is almost wholly suspended. Many merchants has seed to is alarming. Business is almost whelly suspended. Many merchants lose goods. Manufacturers lose heavily in damage to machinery and stock, aside from loss of time. More than a thomsand business firms and manufactories are thus pros-trated, yet business men are not disheartened nor selfish, and for two days they have poured in their contributions to the fund for the re-lief of suffering among the poor. It is esti-mated that from 30,000 to 40,000 workmen are out of employment. Dampness in houses after the flood subsides must bring sickness and suffering. The common council's actio in asking authority to issue a loan was promptly met by the legislature, both houses having passed a bill to authorize a relief loan having passed a bill to authorize a relief loan of \$100,000. The school board has closed schools in the vicinity of the flooded district, and the houses are placed at the disposal of the relief committee for homeless people. The militia is still aiding the police to-night. No cases of pilfering have been reported. The water is deep enough on Pearl street to al-low skiffs to run within a square and a half of the flurnet house. of the Burnet house.

THERE IS NO ESSENTIAL CHANGE in the railways. Trains still run on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railway, though the track is covered with water for a short distance. The mails are very much delayed.

feet at Pomeroy. This gives hope that the worst is over here.

At 1 a. m. the river is 65 feet ½ inch and falling. A brisk and steady rain is falling.

The weather is warm.

CITIES IN DARRNESS.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 13.—A meeting was held at the board of trade to-day, and a subscription for the sufferers in Lawrenceburg was taken. A car load of cooked meats, bread, erackers, and other provisions was started at 6 o'clock by special train. The river is still rising at Mailson at the rate of an inch per hour. Hundreds of families have been compelled to leave their homes. The city is in total darkness, the gas works being submerged. Milton, Ky., opposite Madison, is entirely covered by water. Several buildings floated off this morning, including a warehouse helonging to Ben Morris, Cassidy's wagon factory, and other buildings. At Jeffersonville a large part of the city is inundated, and hundreds of families are homeless and destitute. The gas works are flooded, and the lights are out. At New Albany the river is still rising half an inch an hour. It is raining at all points south of Madison to Evansville. CITIES IN DARRNESS.

Evansville. ABANDONING THE HOUSES,

ABANDONING THE HOUSES.

NEW ALBANY, IND., Feb. 13.—The river rose eighteen inches last night and is still rising. All the houses and factories along the river front are abandoned. The water got into the glasswork's furnaces last night and the fires are all out. They will lose at least \$100,000. About 3,000 persons are thrown out of employment. From 300 to 500 families had to move, and all available room on the high ground is filled. The railroad track between here and Jeffersonville is abandoned, the ferry boats making only occasional trips to the Kentucky side of the river. A report from Evansville says the river has risen 43.9 feet, but is not rising so fast to-day Not much damage has been done in the city, but a great deal has been inflicted in the lowlands great deal has been inflicted in the lowlands between Evansville and Henderson.

LAWRENCEBURG COVERED. HARDENTOWN, IND., Feb. 13.—There has been no loss of life so far as we can learn, the damage will be very heavy but it cannot be estimated until the water goes down. The water is now about 3 feet higher than it was last February and up to this morning it has risen about I inch per hour. Lawrenceburg is entirely covered. The entire village of Hardentown is covered with water. Some people had to abandon their houses entirely.

THE KENTUCKY RIVER FALLING. FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 13 .- The Kentucky river began to fall at dark last night. At 12:30 to-day it had fallen 4½ feet. Brooker's distillery at Clifton, twelve miles above Frankfort, gave way, and 500 barrels of which were washed out, the greater part of which were recovered. The bridges here remain intact,

A BEIDGE GIVES WAY. A BRIDGE GIVES WAY.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—The bridge of the Chicago, Burlington and Quiney railway, south of Ottawa, Ill., the abutments of which had been undermining by the freshet, gave way this morning while a freight train was passing over it. The bridge and five coal cars were wrecked.

It began valuing here at Hotelock. A wast

It began raining here at 11 o'clock. A vast quantity of snow is in the streets piled higher than the sidewalks, and the gutters are not opened. There are fears of serious loss from flooding of basements if the river continues. AT PORT DEPOSIT.

PORT DEPOSIT, MD., Feb. 13.—The river has been falling all day and is now "ery low. Boats cross to and from the Harford county shore, opposite Rock run, above the gorged ice. Telegrams from points along the river north and south say there is no ise or decided change, but a gradual wasting away of the ice and the prospect of a destructive flood grows less daily. grows less daily.

WHAT THE SIGNAL OFFICE SAYS. The chief signal officer of the army furnishes the following special bulletin to the press: The river has been stationary at Cincinnati during the past six hours at 65 feet 1 meh, which is 15 feet and I inch above the danger line and 10 inches higher than any previous record. The river is rising at points below Cincinnati, and has reached the danger line at Cairo, and the Cumberland has bly reached the danger line at Nashville. A storm has developed in the Rocky mountain regions, and is central in western Kansas, and heavy rains are reported in Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, and Dakota, and light rains from Tennessee, the Ohio valley, and the south At-antic states. Fair weather continues in New England, the middle states, and lower lake gion. The temperature has risen about 10 grees in the Mississippi, Ohio, and Missouri valleys and the upper lake region, with east-erly to southerly winds. Rain has prevailed on the Pacific coast from San Diego to Port-

What the Flax and Hemp Men Want. NEW YORK, Feb. 13 .- The first annua neeting of the Flax and Hem Spinners' and Growers' association of America was held in the city this afternoon. Alfred R. Turner, jr. was elected president; John Hinde, vice president; J. G. McMaster, treasurer, and Christopher Bailey, Thomas Barbour, E. A. Hartshorn, George H. Torr, E. B. Wheeler, R. A. Kelly, and William Barbour, directors. Celegrams were sent to several senators in Washington thanking them for their efforts in favor of the industry, and concluding as follows: "In order to continue in business we want and must have 40 per cent, duty on brown and bleached linens and other woven goods; 40 per cent, on all flax and hemp threads, and twines. With proper protection this branch of the business can be extended to be one of the leading industries of this country, both in the growing of flax and hemp and its manufacture, giving steady employ ment and good wages to farm hands and factory operatives."

Dead Bodies for Scientific Colleges.

HARRISBURG, PA., Feb. 13.-In the senate o-day a bill was introduced for the promotion of medical science and to prevent unanthorized use and traffic in human bodies. The bill provides for the organization of a board to consist of the professors of anatomy, professor of surgery, demonstrators of anatomy, demon stators of surgery, of medical, and denta schools and colleges of this state, whose dutie it shall be to distribute bodies of unclaimed dead to the scientific colleges entitled to re egive the same. All institutions, where such unclaimed dend be, shall give notice to the board of such fact, and the board shall there upon be allowed to remove such dead bodie for distribution to scientific schools. A bil was also introduced declaring it lawful for the venders of the necessaries of life to sel the same on Sunday. The bill also permits the publication of newspapers on Sunday, and ws barbershops to keep open on Sundays until II a. m.

Disasters at Sea. LONDON, Feb. 13.-The steamer Joshua Nicholson, from Baltimore, is aground at Rotterdam.

The steamer Hasland, at Limerick from Philadelphia, lost a boat and sails, and had

boats damaged on the passage,

The ship Maguolia, from Liverpool for
Philadelphia, has put into Queenstown with the loss of sails,

The British bark Glaramara, from San Francisco, Oct. 14, for Queenstown, has foundered off Kinsale. The crew was saved. The vessel will probably be raised.

The vessel will probably be raised.

The signal corps station at Hatteras, N. C., reports at 11 a. m.: The bark Duleimer has eight feet of water in her hold. Sugar melting fist, and no hopes of getting her off. The decks are all started, and the rudder is adrift.

Georgia's Sesqui-Centennial. SAVANNAH, GA., Feb. 13.-The second day of the Georgia sesqui-centennial celebration opened with a heavy shower of rain, but the Mistance. The mais are very fined delayed.

No just estimate of damage can be made now.

Weather cleared off in the forenoon, and the programme, which consisted of a parade of the river has been falling at Portsmouth, sixty miles above, since last midnight, and has acted. A majority of the visitors remained to fallen 8 inches. There has been a fall of 8 witness the display. One hundred floats were

in line, many of them artistically gotten up, The procession was reviewed by the governor at the city exchange. There was a firemen's contest in the afternoon. A banquet was given to the members of the general assembly on board the Ocean Steamship company's steamer City of Savannah. The celebration was a complete success in every particular.

ESCAPING FROM FIRE.

Disastrous Flames in New York and Elsewhere-How Workmen Saved Them-

NEW YORK, Feb. 13 .- Shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon a fire broke out in the Globe Rubber Jewelry manufactory on the third floor of 210 and 212 Canal street, and in a short time had burned out the west half of the building. At the present writing it threatens the destruction of the other half, which is occupied wholly by the Vienna Indestructible Bentwood Furniture company, Ackerman Brothers. The employes barely escaped with their lives, one being rescued by the firemen. The concerns burned out are the Globe Rubber Jewelry company; Frankel & Levy, cardigan jackets; J. A. Luter, furniture gimps; Herrmann, woolen goods, and Oscar Hollauder & Brothers, mirrors. Damage was done in the stores of S. Bruisnauger, leoking glasses, and M. Mauelt, globes and shades. The total loss is not less than \$75,000, mostly insured.

The employes in the burning building were chiefly women. All escaped but one man, Isaac H. Leiter, who, finding escape cut off at the stairway, ran to a window on the fifth

Isaac H. Leiter, who, finding escape cut off at the stairway, ran to a window on the fifth floor, where the crew of a hook and ladder company resened him. A great force of fire-men finally succeeded in stopping the fiames at a fire wall dividing the building. The losses are estimated as follows: Globe Rubber Jewelry company (Borchat & Fox), \$29,000; Oscar Hollander & Bros., \$20,000; Frankel & Levy, \$15,000; J. H. Leiter, \$10,000; S. Bins-wanger, \$5,000; Vienna Bent Wood Furniture company, \$5,000; Heywood Bros. & Co., \$5,000; M. Marrett, \$3,000; John R. Graham, owner of the building, \$20,000. All are fully owner of the building, \$20,000. All are fully overed by insurance.

New Orleans, Feb. 13,—The Austrian ship

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 15.—The Austrian Rip Imperatrice Elisabetta, from Cadiz for New Orleans, in ballast, was burned last night off the passes. She was entirely destroyed. She was insured in Austrian offices. Her crew was saved by a pilot boat.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Crofthead's twisting

London, Feb. 13.—Crofthead's twisting mills at Milston, Renfrewshire, Scotland, has been burned. The loss is £50,000. Five hun-dred persons are thrown out of employment by the disaster.

MAHANOY CITY, PA., Feb. 13 .- A block of buildings, tenanted by working people, was burned here last night. Seventeen families were burned out of their homes, but there was no loss of life. The buildings were lo-cated on East Center street. Nine houses were burned. The loss is estimated at \$15,000.

A Gilded Gambling Den Scized.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.-Several days ago Dr. Howard Crosby received an anonymous note informing him that a fishionable gambling house was in full operation on Fifth avenue, opposite the hotel Brunswick. This was turned over to Capt. Williams, and single handed he raided the place to-day. Ho found an elegantly furnished suite of rooms fully stocked with first class gambling parapher will. The only person in the recess we phernalia. The only person in the rooms was Frank A. Jones, the dealer. He was locked up. Later the proprietor of the establishment, Robert H. Diedrich, was also arrested. It is said that this place was a popular resort for the "gilded youth" of the avenue.

From Gld Pluto's Domintons.

P:TTSBURG, PA., Feb. 13.-This morning while men were drilling ground in a ravine near the New York City Plate Glass works at Creighton station they encountered a flow of natural gas. The drill had penetrated the well to the depth of over a thousand feet,

Should the flow of gas continue the glass company will use it for manufacturing purposes.

A Cowardly Brakeman. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13 .- The examination of Conductor Reid and Brakeman Patton, of the train wrecked at Tehichipia, was concluded at Bakersfield this afternoon court decided that Reid discharged his duty faithfully, but found Patton guilty of gross and criminal negligence in leaving his post, and held him to appear before the higher court in bends of \$2,500, which he furnished.

A Request to Expunge. Boston, Feb. 13.-A resolution was ordered printed in the senate this afternoon requesting the Massachusetts delegation in congress to make every effort to secure the expunging from the records of the vote of consure passed upon the late Oakes Ames by the forty-second congress. The committee on election laws re-ported against biennial state elections or biennial sessions of the legislature.

A Big Soda Ash Manufactory

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 13 .- English capitalists, represented by J. D. Wing, of New York, yesterday purchased the Owen farm, in Warsaw, comprising fifty acres of land, and will at once erect a large soft ask manufactory there, with an employing capacity of 1,000 men. It will be the only manufactory of the kind in the United States.

Hired Non-Union Men.

BROCKTON, MASS., Feb. 13.-The shoe firm of Emerson, Weeks & Co., who recently discharged their union lasters on account of the high scale of prices, to-day hired non-union men, who were set upon by a large crowd, among which was Patrick Connerfy, who was There are 1,000 union men in this

Philadelphia's Comptroller. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.-The city soliritor gave an opinion to-day to City Treasurer Irvine, to the effect that pending the appeal to the supreme court in the city comptroller-ship controversy, he could not advise the city reasurer to pay warrants signed by S. Davis

Page as city comptroller. Death of ex-Governor Smith. MILWAUKEE, W18., Feb. 13.-Ex-Governor

William, E. Smith died at 1:30 to-night, surrounded by his family and friends. He had been twice governor of Wisconsin, first in in 1877, and re-elected in 1879. He had pre-viously served as state treasurer, and had ield other offices.

The Last Chess Game. NEW YORK, Jan. 13 .- The last of the games

of chess between Capt. McKenzie and Herr Steinitz was played to-night. It lasted an hour, had but fourteen moves, and resulted in a draw. Of the six games played Herr Steinitz won three, lost one, and two were

Died of Hydrophobia. PORTLAND, ME., Feb. 13.-James Andrews,

f Cornish, died on Friday of hydrophobia. He was bitten last spring, and the dog was killed. He commenced to show symptoms of the disease two weeks ago, and died in horri-

Business Failures. ALBERT LEE, MINN., Feb. 13 .- State Sena-

or Sargent, lumber dealer, has failed for \$45,000. His assets are \$65,000, most in encumbered property. The failure has caused

Prohibition in Maine. AUGUSTA, ME., Fob. 13 .- The senate has passed the constitutional prohibitory amendment, only three voting against it.

EXCITED DEPUTIES.

Cenney

A Lively Scene in the French Chamber, Followed by a Challenge - Another

Paris, Feb. 13.-A compromise is hoped for on the question of the expulsion of the Orleans princes on the basis of Senator Barbey's proposal rendering the princes liable to exouision by the decree of the president of the

All the members of the cabinet have resigned in consequence of the action of the senate on the expulsion bill. President Grevy has requested them to remain at their

posts for the present.
It is stated that President Grevy summened
M. De Freyeinet to-day to form a ministry,
but that the latter hesitates to undertake the

Prince Jerome has arrived at Farnboro'. Prince Jerome has arrived at Farnbore. He was met at the railway depot by the Duo De Bassano, who escerted him to the residence of the ex-Empress Eugenie.

The proposal of M. Waldington to banish any prince found guilty of furthering pretusions endangering the state, which was adopted by the senate yesterday, was presented in the chamber of deputies to-day.

M. de Cassagnac moved that the proposal be referred to the bureaus, and that a new

so referred to the bureaus, and that a new committee be appointed to consider it. The chamber decided to refer the measure to the

existing committee.

M. de Cassagnac asked leave to question the government in regard to its position, but de-spite the willingness of M. Deves, minister of justice, to answer, the house, amid great up-rear, ordered the inquiry to be definitely

rear, ordered the inquiry to be definitely postponed.

M. de Mahy, minister of marine, and M. Deves formally informed M. Brisson, president of the chamber, that they had heard the word "coward" uttered during the confusion.

M. Brisson said he had not heard it.

M. Faure (Bonapartist) admitted that he had used the word. He said he considered that as no minister had replied to M. de Cassarnae, the government was guilty of cow-

agnac, the government was guilty of cow-ardice. M. Faure was censured.

After the adjournment of the chamber, M. de Mahy sent seconds to M. Faure to demand a retraction or explanation of the offensive expression he had used during the debate. M. Faure disclaimed having meant to per-sonally offend any of the ministers. This ex-planation was accepted as satisfactory by M.

le Mahy.

The tradesmen here are signing petitions isking for a ministry under the presidency of

M. de Freyeinet. During the sitting of the chamber of deputies to-day a lumatic harangued the members from the gallery, causing a sensation. Howas promptly removed.

The Situation in Ireland.

MULLINGAR, Feb. 13 .- The judge of the ounty court has confirmed the sentence of wo months' imprisonment, passed against two months' imprisonment, passed against Mr. Harrington, secretary of the organizing committee of the Irish National league, for having used intimidating language, at the meeting held here on Dec. 18, for the purpose of forming a branch of the league.

Dunlin, Feb. 13.—A policeman, a car driver, one of the bicycle riders, who were in Phonix park at the time of the murder, and another person will be called as witnesses on Thuraday to confirm Kayanaush's statement.

day to confirm Kavanaugh's statement.

The Official Gazette this evening contains a proclamation fevoking the operation of the prevention of crimes act in county Lofth and the city of Limerick.

It is stated that at the resumption on

Thursday of the examination of the prisoners charged with conspiracy to murder Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke, the names of persons in good social positions will be introduced in connection with the finances of secret societies.

Two Rival Courts in Petersburg. PETERSBURG, VA., Feb. 13 .- This morning when there was an enormous flow of gas, which caught fire at the engine and in a short time enveloped the derrick, completely destroying it. The well is located between Hites and Tarentum, on the West Pennsylvania railway.

Tarentum, on the West Pennsylvania railway. ored, charged with lareeny. Archer ordered the prisoner brought before him, when the police officer refused to recognize him as the nayor. Jarrett then ordered another policeman to produce the prisoner before him, which the officer refused to do. Both policemen were committed for contempt of court. Each contestant for the mayoralty were accom-panied by counsel. The case is to be submitted to the court of appeals of Virginia Thurs-day next by applications for writs of habeas

corpus.

They Want Their Pay. PETERSBURG, VA., Feb. 13,—At a confer-ence of bourbon democratic members of the present city council and appointees of the emogratic council of June last, held tonight, a resolution was adopted that every member of the old and new council, irrespective of party, be requested to act as a commit-tee to make a canvass of the city for the pur-pose of raising a subscription to pay the old

The Georgia Races.

Augusta, Ga., Feb. 13 .- The Jockey club races opened to-day with a moderate attend-First race, mile dash—Duke Montalban won,

Col. Sprague second. Time, 1:464. Second race, three-fourth mile dash—Palmetto won, Linchpin seconds Time, 1:20.
Third race, one and one-eighth mile—Homespun won, Bonnie Kate second. Time, 2:014.

Put Five Balls Into Him. JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Feb. 13 .-- A dispatch

from Temple's Mills, Fla., says: "Dennis Johnson, colored, was shot and killed here on Saturday night by unknown persons. He re-ceived five balls in different parts of his body, W. B. Temple and William MeGee were arrested on suspicion but discharged. Johnson was a quiet citizen, respected by all. No motive for the deed is known." And Still Another.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 13.—Baron Nordenskjold has arranged for an Arctic expedition this year. He will explore the east coast of Greenland.

The Florida Ship Canal. JACKSONVILLE, Feb. 13,-A special from Tallahassee says the Florida ship canal bill passed the senate to-day by a vote of 17 to 7.

CABLE CATCHES. There is a renewal of the discontent among the office at Limerick and a strike is threatened.

The Emperor William has declined to accept the resignation of tien. Von Kameke, minister of Archbishop McCabe, whose relatives were su

moned to what was supposed to be his deathbed a few days ago, is slightly better. The Vienna Press states that an Italian engineer has been arrested on the frontier for spreading publications of the Italia irredenta party.

The International African society of Beigium denies that it has any hostile designs in Africa, and has enjoined its agents to scrupulously re-spect M. De Brazzar's acquisitions on the Congo-

The Dublin correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette says that the prisoners charged with conspiring to murder government officials will be committed for trial at the April commission by Mr. Justice O'Brien.

A the meeting of the dynastic Spanish left at Madrid yesierday Marshal Serrato deuted the re-port that he intended to retire from the leadership of the party, but said he thought he had better consider the question of a successor on account of

The National Zeitung, of Berlin, says Prin Orloff, the Russian ambassador to Prance, wh in Berlin declared that Russia relied on Austriand German friendship, and valued the security the west of Europe the more because of Russia absorbing interest in Asia.

The Kreus Zeitung, of Berlin, says that then. Von Kameke will probably remain in the ministry as the military pensions bill and a motion introduced by the progressists subjecting officers of the army to communal taxes have been referred to a committee of the relobstag.